

Présentation MUN

Im going to present you the security council, its role, and the issues that will be debated during ferMUN 2020.

The security council has the immense and important responsibility of the maintenance of international peace and security.

It is the only comity that can resort to imposing sanctions or even authorize the use of force to maintain or restore international peace and security.

It has fifteen members, including five permanent members: France, The United States of America, The Russian Federation, China and The United Kingdom.

Those Five permanent members have what we call the Veto power which means that if they cast a negative vote, the resolution or decision will not be approved.

The first problematic that will be discussed is: Promoting trust and confidence in ICTs(information and communication technologies) through international cooperation. How can the international community contribute to cyber-related Confidence Building Measures to promote trust and confidence in ICTs?

As the years go by, humanity continues its constant pursuit of progress, and technology has expanded its role in the society at large. A proof of its expansion would probably be all the cellphones in your pockets.

The digital revolution is of a scale comparable to the invention of writing. But how can we master the stakes of such a revolution? How Can we adopt and maintain our new tools ? But mainly, how can we insure that nations can use them without putting themselves in danger? Our responsibility as the security council is to make sure that cyberspace is safe and to establish a relationship of trust between nations in this new technological world.

The second problematic that the security council will have to debate is: discussing a framework for international response in mitigating potential conflict escalation in cyberspace. Don't we all have instagram, snapchat or facebook ? please raise your hands if you have one of those social media.

In this century, networks are embedded in all our economies and our political and social life. They have become the central tool for human activity and the wellfunctionnig of nations but also the wellfunctionnig of our lives. These many networks form what we call: cyberspace, and this is the new battlefield of the 21st century. They hold information of immense value, and they control the machinery that provides critical services. Even Though they create immense economic benefit, they are also a major source of risk to nations. Because of the newness of technology in our world, the lack of explicit agreement among states, and the growing of cyber espionage and cybercrime, this unstable environment invites miscalculation misinterpretation, and inadvertent escalation of conflict.

If cyberwar happened, any society using computer networks to communicate or keep their data could be a victim of hacking, which means that every single nations would be in danger. All government data could be destroyed, taking out health care records, birth certificates, social care records and so much more essential information to the functioning of our societies. The transport system would be shut off, traffic lights would be blank, immigration would become chaos and all tax records could disappear. The internet could even be

reduced to an error message and daily life as we know it would be completely different. Power plants and water treatment facilities could be switched off, leaving people without basic necessities.

My friends, our data need protection, and international peace and security is at stake. I'm counting on you.